West (R5W), Mount Diablo Base and Meridian (MDBM);

- (2) Then in southwesterly direction along the Rancho Catacula boundary line to its intersection with the Rancho La Jota boundary line;
- (3) Then in a south-southeasterly direction approximately 3,800 feet along the Rancho Catacula/Rancho La Jota boundary line to the point where the Rancho Catacula boundary separates from the common boundary with Rancho La Jota;
- (4) Then in a southeasterly direction continuing along the Rancho Catacula boundary approximately 23,600 feet to a point of intersection, in the NE ½ Sec. 19, T8N, R4W, on the Chiles Valley quadrangle map, with a county road known locally as Chiles and Pope Valley Road;
- (5) Then in a southwesterly direction along Chiles and Pope Valley Road to a point where it first crosses an unnamed blueline stream in the SE ½ Section 19, T8N, R4W;
- (6) Then following the unnamed stream in generally southeast direction to its intersection with the 1200 foot contour:
- (7) Then following the 1200 foot contour in a northeasterly direction to a point of intersection with the Rancho Catacula boundary in section 20, T8N, R4W;
- (8) Then in a southeasterly direction along the Rancho Catcula boundary approximately 17,500 feet to the southwest corner of Rancho Catacula in section 34, T8N, R4W on the Yountville, CA, quadrangle map;
- (9) Then in a northeasterly direction along the Rancho Catacula boundary approximately 650 feet to its intersection with the 1040 foot contour;
- (10) Then along the 1040 foot contour in a generally east and northeast direction to its intersection with the Rancho Catacula boundary;
- (11) Then in a northeasterly direction along the Rancho Catacula boundary approximately 1100 feet to its intersection with the 1040 foot contour;
- (12) Then along the 1040 foot contour in an easterly direction and then in a northwesterly direction to its intersection of the Rancho Catacula boundary;
- (13) Then in a southwesterly direction along the Rancho Catacula bound-

- ary approximately 300 feet to a point of intersection with a line of high voltage power lines:
- (14) Then in a westerly direction along the high voltage line approximately 650 feet to its intersection with the 1000 foot contour:
- (15) Then continuing along the 1000 foot contour in a generally northwest-erly direction to the point of intersection with the first unnamed blueline stream;
- (16) Then along the unnamed stream in a northerly direction to its point of intersection with the 1200 foot contour;
- (17) Then along the 1200 foot contour in a northwesterly direction to its points of intersection with the Rancho Catacula boundary in Section 35, T9N, R5W on the St. Helena, CA, quadrangle map;
- (18) Then along the Rancho Catacula boundary in a northwesterly direction approximately 5,350 feet to a northernmost corner of Rancho Catacula, the beginning point on the St. Helena quadrangle map a the northernmost corner of Rancho Catacula in Section 34, T9N, R5W, MDBM.

[T.D. ATF-408, 64 FR 7787, Feb. 17, 1999]

§ 9.155 Texas Davis Mountains.

- (a) *Name.* The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Texas Davis Mountains."
- (b) Approved map. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Texas Davis Mountains viticultural area are two U.S.G.S. metric topographical maps of the 1:100 000 scale, titled:
 - (1) "Fort Davis, Texas," 1985.
- (2) "Mount Livermore, Texas—Chihuahua," 1985.
- (c) *Boundary.* The Texas Davis Mountains viticultural area is located in Jeff Davis County, Texas. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) The beginning point is the intersection of Texas Highway 17 and Farm Road 1832 on the Fort Davis, Texas, U.S.G.S. map;
- (2) From the beginning point, the boundary follows Highway 17 in a southeasterly and then southwesterly direction until it reaches the intersection of Limpia Creek with the unnamed stream which flows through Grapevine

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Canyon on the Fort Davis, Texas, U.S.G.S. map;

- (3) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line in a southwesterly direction until it meets Highway 118 at a gravel pit 134 miles southeast of the intersection of Highway 118 and Highway 17;
- (4) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line east by southeast until it meets Highway 166 at its junction with Highway 17;
- (5) The boundary then follows Highway 166 in a southwesterly direction onto the Mt. Livermore, Texas-Chihuahua, U.S.G.S. map;
- (6) The boundary then continues to follow Highway 166 in a westerly direction;
- (7) The boundary then continues to follow Highway 166 as it turns in a northerly and then northeasterly direction to the point where it meets Highway 118;
- (8) The boundary then follows Highway 118 in a northerly direction until it reaches a point where it intersects with the 1600 meter contour line, just north of Robbers Roost Canyon:
- (9) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line due east for about two miles until it reaches the 1600 meter contour line to the west of Friend Mountain;
- (10) The boundary then follows the 1600 meter contour line in a northeasterly direction until it reaches the northernmost point of Friend Mountain;
- (11) The boundary then diverges from the contour line and proceeds in a straight line east-southeast until it reaches the beginning point of Buckley Canyon, approximately three fifths of a mile:
- (12) The boundary then follows Buckley Canyon in an easterly direction to the point where it meets Cherry Canyon;
- (13) The boundary then follows Cherry Canyon in a northeasterly direction to the point where it meets Grapevine Canyon on the Mt. Livermore, Texas-Chihuahua, U.S.G.S. map;
- (14) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line from the intersection of Cherry and Grapevine Canyons to the peak of Bear Cave Mountain, on the Fort Davis, Texas, U.S.G.S. map;

- (15) The boundary then proceeds in a straight line from the peak of Bear Cave Mountain to the point where Farm Road 1832 begins;
- (16) The boundary then follows Farm Road 1832 back to its intersection with Texas Highway 17, at the point of beginning.

[T.D. ATF-395, 63 FR 11828, Mar. 11, 1998]

§ 9.156 Diablo Grande.

- (a) *Name.* The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Diablo Grande".
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Diablo Grande viticultural area are the following four U.S.G.S. Quadrangle 7.5 Minute Series (Topographic) maps. They are titled:
- (1) Patterson Quadrangle, California—Stanislaus Co., 1953 (Photorevised 1971, Photoinspected 1978);
- (2) Copper Mtn. Quadrangle, California—Stanislaus Co., 1953 (Field Check 1956, Aerial Photo 1971);
- (3) Wilcox Ridge, California— Stanislaus Co., 1956 (Photorevised 1971);
- (4) Orestimba Peak, California—Stanislaus Co., 1955 (Photorevised 1971).
- (c) Boundary. The Diablo Grande viticultural area is located in the western foothills of Stanislaus County, California. The beginning point is at Reservoir Spillway 780 in section 8, Township 6 South, Range 7 East (T. 6S., R. 7E.) on the Patterson Quadrangle U.S.G.S. map.
- (1) Then proceed northwest to Salt Grass Springs to the point where the 1000 foot contour line crosses the northern section line of section 9, T. 6S., R. 6E., on the Copper Mtn., Quadrangle U.S.G.S. map.
- (2) Then proceed due south past Copper Mountain in section 16, T. 6S., R. 6E., to Mikes Peak in section 4, T. 7S., R. 6E., on the Wilcox Ridge Quadrangle U.S.G.S. map.
- (3) Then proceed due west to Oristimba Creek in section 6, T. 7S., R.
- (4) Then proceed following Orestimba Creek south/southeast and then east/ northeast to the point where Orestimba Creek meets Bench Mark #340 in section 28, T. 7S., R. 7E., on the